(b) 79.

(c) 5 dowry death cases were registered during 1985, 1986 and 1987 under the jurisdiction of Nangloi Police Station

(d) Following three cases of dowry deaths were challanged in Courts by Nan gloi Police Station during the last 3 years:

(i) FIR No. 280 dated 21-4-86 one person was arrested and the case is now , pending trial.

(ii) FIR No. 217 dated 11-5-87. 4 persons were arrested. The case is pending trial.

(HU FIR No. 237 dated 19-5-87. One persons were arrested. The case is pending trail.

नशीली दवाओं का अवैध व्यापार

193. **श्री सन्तोष बागड़ोदिया :** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान नशीली दवाओं के अवैध व्यापार में लगे हुए कितने गिरोहों का सफाया किया गया ;

(ख) इन गिरोहों से प्राप्त नशीली दवाएं किस प्रकार की थी तथा उनकी कीमत कितनी थी ; और

(ग) गिरफ्तार किये गये व्यक्तियों के विरुद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

वित्त मंत्रालय व्यय विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बी० के० गढ़वी): (क) और (ख) नशीले औषध-द्रव्यों के अवैध व्यापार को रोकने के लिए कार्रवाई करना एक सतत प्रक्रिया है और देश में विभिन्न नशीले औषध-द्रव्य संबंधी कानून प्रवर्तन एजेन्सियों द्वारा, जब कभी उन्हें इस बारे में सूचना मिलती है, इस संबंध में छापे मारे जाते हैं। पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान भारत में अभिगृहीत विभिन्न नशीले औषध-द्रव्यों की मात्रा निम्नानुसार है :—

नशीले औषध द्रव्य का नाम	1985	1986	1987
	(मात्रा किलोग्राम में)		
अफीम	6,840	8,789	2,859
हेरोइन	761	2,621	2,780
चरस	10,312	18,909	14,792
गांजा	66,314	60,620	53,307
मेथाक्वालीन	745	1,485	1,500
मार्फिन	125	207	90
कोकीन	5	26	5

(वर्ष 1987 के लिए आंकड़े अनन्तिम हैं और निकटतम किलोग्राम में पूर्णांकित हैं)।

अभिगृहीत किए गए नशीले औषध-द्रव्यों के ठीक-ठीक मूल्य का अनुमान नहीं लगाया जा सकता है क्योंकि यह नशीले औषध द्रव्यों की शुद्धता उसके उद्गम स्थान, स्थानीय मांग और आपूर्ति की स्थिति, आदि जैसे कारकों पर निर्भर करता है ।

(ग) नशीले औषध-द्रव्यों के अपराध संबंधी मामलों में पकड़े गए व्यक्तियों के विरुद्ध, मुकदमे चलाये जाते हैं और संगत कानूनों के अंतर्गत उनके खिलाफ कार्रवाई की जाती है ।

Anti narcotic measures

194. SHRI RAOOF VALIULLAH: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government propose to monitor implementation of anti-narcotic measures and initiate legislation for more stringent laws to check this menace;

(b) what are the preventive steps to be taken in this regard and whether it will involve co-ordination with State Governments;

(c) whether Government are thinking in terms of rehabilitation of drug addicts; if so the details thereof; and

(d) what are the steps taken to streng then the intelligence machinery to destroy the nexus between drug smugglers and terrorists?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EXPENDITURE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRl B. K. GADHVI); (a) to (d) With the enforcement of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985, providing for deterrent punishment for drug offence cases, the drive against drug traffickers|smugglers has been inten sified, both by the Centre as well as the States. Based on the experience of its working, he said Act can be strengthened, if necessary. Government have initiated various aggressive counter-measures against drug trafficking which, *inter alia,* include strengthening of the preventive and intelligence machinery, specially around borders, adoption of a liberalised reward scheme for officers and informers, strengthening of bilateral co-operation between neighbouring countries (including regional co-operation under the umbrella of SAARC). Special narcotic cells have also been created in the Customs and Central Excise Collectorates all over the country besides the police organisations in the States|Union Territories concerned. Close liaison is being maintained with the international organisations like ICPO/ INTERPOL, Customs Co-operation Council.

Under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985, a central authority, namely, 'Narcotics Control Bureau' has been created, *inter alia,* for "coordination of actions by various officers and State Governments, under that Act. The Drug Liaison Officers posted in India from countries like U.K., U.S.A., Canada and West Germany also act in close liaison with the Narcotics Central Bureau.

Monitoring implementation of various anti-narcotics measures is done on a continuous basis.

Government have already launched a Central Scheme for providing assistance to voluntary organisations for setting up counselling and deaddiction centres, for organising deaddiction camps and awareness building programmes which help in physical, mental and social rehabilitation of drug addicts.

Sale of Bangladeshi women

195. SHRI RAOOF VALIULLAH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to newspaper reports that Bangladeshi women emigrating illegally to India are smuggled out of prisons and sold in Bombay brothels;

(b) whether Police have detected such cases and if so, what preventive action has been taken so far; and